

GS220 Universal vinyl adhesive

RLA Polymers Pty Ltd

Chemwatch: 15-80994 Version No: 2.1.1.1

Safety Data Sheet according to WHS and ADG requirements

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 2

Issue Date: 27/11/2018 Print Date: 27/11/2018 S.GHS.AUS.EN

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier

| Product name | Product name GS220 Universal vinyl adhesive | |
|-------------------------------|---|--|
| Synonyms | G\$220 | |
| Other means of identification | Not Available | |

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses Flooring adhesive.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

| Registered company name | RLA Polymers Pty Ltd | |
|-------------------------|--|--|
| Address | Colchester Road Kilsyth VIC 3137 Australia | |
| Telephone | 3728 1644 | |
| Fax | 3 9728 6009 | |
| Website | www.rlagroup.com.au | |
| Email | sales@rlagroup.com.au | |

Emergency telephone number

| • • • | |
|--|--|
| Association / Organisation Not Available | |
| Emergency telephone numbers | +61 3 9728 1644 (RLA Group Technical Manager) business hours |
| Other emergency telephone numbers | 132766 (Security Monitoring Service) |

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS. According to the WHS Regulations and the ADG Code.

| Poisons Schedule | Not Applicable | |
|--------------------|--|--|
| Classification [1] | Skin Sensitizer Category 1 | |
| Legend: | egend: 1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from HSIS; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI | |

Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)



SIGNAL WORD

Hazard statement(s)

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

| P280 | Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. | | |
|------|--|--|--|
| P261 | void breathing mist/vapours/spray. | | |
| P272 | Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. | | |

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| P363 | Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. | |
|-----------|--|--|
| P302+P352 | ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. | |
| P333+P313 | If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. | |

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

| CAS No | %[weight] | Name |
|-----------|-----------|--|
| 8050-09-7 | 1-3 | <u>rosin-colophony</u> |
| 112-34-5 | 1-2 | diethylene glycol monobutyl ether |
| | >60 | Ingredients determined not to be hazardous |

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

| Eye Contact If this product comes in contact with eyes: Wash out immediately with water. If irritation continues, seek medical attention. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel. | |
|--|---|
| Skin Contact | If skin contact occurs: Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation. |
| Inhalation | If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary. |
| Ingestion | Immediately give a glass of water. First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor. |

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

- ▶ There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.
- Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding area.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

| · | | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|--|
| Fire Incompatibility | lone known. | | |
| Advice for firefighters | | | |
| Fire Fighting | Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses. Use fire fighting procedures suitable for surrounding area. | | |
| Fire/Explosion Hazard | Non combustible. Not considered a significant fire risk, however containers may burn. May emit corrosive furnes. | | |
| HAZCHEM | Not Applicable | | |

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills

- Clean up all spills immediately.
- Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes.

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Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment.
 Contain and absorb spill with sand, earth, inert material or vermiculite.

Moderate hazard.

 Clear area of personnel and move upwind.
 Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.

 Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling

- ▶ DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin
- ▶ Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.
- ► Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.
- ▶ Use in a well-ventilated area.
- ► Avoid contact with moisture.

Other information

- Store in original containers.
- Keep containers securely sealed.
- Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.
- Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container

- ▶ Polyethylene or polypropylene container.
- ▶ Packing as recommended by manufacturer.
- ▶ Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks

Storage incompatibility

None known

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Not Available

EMERGENCY LIMITS

| Ingredient | Material name | TEEL-1 | TEEL-2 | TEEL-3 |
|-----------------------------------|--|----------|-----------|-------------|
| rosin-colophony | Rosin core solder decomposition products; (Colophony Gum) | 72 mg/m3 | 790 mg/m3 | 1,500 mg/m3 |
| diethylene glycol monobutyl ether | Butoxyethoxy)ethanol, 2-(2-; (Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether) | 30 ppm | 33 ppm | 200 ppm |

| Ingredient | Original IDLH | Revised IDLH |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| rosin-colophony | Not Available | Not Available |
| diethylene glycol monobutyl ether | Not Available | Not Available |

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection.

The basic types of engineering controls are:

Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk.

Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard "physically" away from the worker and ventilation that strategically "adds" and "removes" air in the work environment.

Personal protection











- ► Safety glasses with side shields.
- Eye and face protection

 Contact longer may
 - Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task.

Skin protection

See Hand protection below

- ► Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC.
- Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber NOTE:

NOT

The material may produce skin sensitisation in predisposed individuals. Care must be taken, when removing gloves and other protective equipment, to avoid all possible skin contact.

Hands/feet protection

► Contaminated leather items, such as shoes, belts and watch-bands should be removed and destroyed.

The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer. Where the chemical is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

The exact break through time for substances has to be obtained from the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed when making a final choice

Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care.

Body protection

See Other protection below

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Other protection

- Overalls.
- P.V.C. apron.
- ▶ Barrier cream.

Respiratory protection

Type A-P Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

Selection of the Class and Type of respirator will depend upon the level of breathing zone contaminant and the chemical nature of the contaminant. Protection Factors (defined as the ratio of contaminant outside and inside the mask) may also be important.

| Required minimum protection factor | Maximum gas/vapour concentration present in air p.p.m. (by volume) | Half-face Respirator | Full-Face Respirator |
|------------------------------------|--|----------------------|----------------------|
| up to 10 | 1000 | A-AUS / Class1 P2 | - |
| up to 50 | 1000 | - | A-AUS / Class 1 P2 |
| up to 50 | 5000 | Airline * | - |
| up to 100 | 5000 | - | A-2 P2 |
| up to 100 | 10000 | - | A-3 P2 |
| 100+ | | | Airline** |

^{* -} Continuous Flow ** - Continuous-flow or positive pressure demand

A(All classes) = Organic vapours, B AUS or B1 = Acid gasses, B2 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), B3 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), E = Sulfur dioxide(SO2), G = Agricultural chemicals, K = Ammonia(NH3), Hg = Mercury, NO = Oxides of nitrogen, MB = Methyl bromide, AX = Low boiling point organic compounds(below 65 degC)

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Appearance | Cream liquid; miscible with water. | | |
|--|------------------------------------|---|----------------|
| Physical state | Liquid | Relative density (Water = 1) | 1.25 |
| Odour | Not Available | Partition coefficient n-octanol / water | Not Available |
| Odour threshold | Not Available | Auto-ignition temperature (°C) | Not Available |
| pH (as supplied) | 8.0 | Decomposition temperature | Not Available |
| Melting point / freezing point (°C) | Not Available | Viscosity (cSt) | 60000 cPs |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C) | 100 | Molecular weight (g/mol) | Not Applicable |
| Flash point (°C) | Not Applicable | Taste | Not Available |
| Evaporation rate | Not Available | Explosive properties | Not Available |
| Flammability | Not Applicable | Oxidising properties | Not Available |
| Upper Explosive Limit (%) | Not Applicable | Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m) | Not Available |
| Lower Explosive Limit (%) | Not Applicable | Volatile Component (%vol) | Not Available |
| Vapour pressure (kPa) | Not Available | Gas group | Not Available |
| Solubility in water | Miscible | pH as a solution (1%) | Not Available |
| Vapour density (Air = 1) | Not Available | VOC g/L | Not Available |

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

| Reactivity | See section 7 |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Chemical stability | Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials. Product is considered stable. Hazardous polymerisation will not occur. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | See section 7 |
| Conditions to avoid | See section 7 |
| Incompatible materials | See section 7 |
| Hazardous decomposition products | See section 5 |

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

| Inhaled | The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting. |
|--------------|--|
| Ingestion | The material has NOT been classified by EC Directives or other classification systems as "harmful by ingestion". This is because of the lack of corroborating animal or human evidence. |
| Skin Contact | The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or skin irritation following contact (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable gloves be used in an occupational setting. |

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Although the liquid is not thought to be an irritant (as classified by EC Directives), direct contact with the eye may produce transient discomfort Eye characterised by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn). Skin contact with the material is more likely to cause a sensitisation reaction in some persons compared to the general population. Rosin (colophany) has caused allergic contact dermatitis in solderers using resin flux-cored solders, can be a sensitiser for strings instrument players, Chronic and has caused dermatitis after use in adhesive tapes [NIOSHTEC]. It is found in many products that commonly come in contact with the skin, including cosmetics, sunscreens, veterinary medications, adhesives, sealants, polishes, paints and oils. **TOXICITY** IRRITATION GS220 Universal vinyl adhesive Not Available Not Available TOXICITY IRRITATION dermal (rat) LD50: >2000 $mg/kg^{[1]}$ Not Available rosin-colophony Oral (rat) LD50: >1000 mg/kg^[1] TOXICITY IRRITATION diethylene glycol monobutyl Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >2000 mg/kg^[2] Eye (rabbit): 20 mg/24h moderate ether Oral (rat) LD50: =4500 mg/kg^[2] Eye (rabbit): 5 mg - SEVERE 1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2.* Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified Leaend: data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances

ROSIN-COLOPHONY

The following information refers to contact allergens as a group and may not be specific to this product.

Contact allergies quickly manifest themselves as contact eczema, more rarely as urticaria or Quincke's oedema. The pathogenesis of contact eczema involves a cell-mediated (T lymphocytes) immune reaction of the delayed type. Other allergic skin reactions, e.g. contact urticaria, involve antibody-mediated immune reactions.

DIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER The material may produce severe irritation to the eye causing pronounced inflammation. Repeated or prolonged exposure to irritants may produce conjunctivitis.

This category includes diethylene glycol ethyl ether (DGEE), diethylene glycol propyl ether (DGPE) diethylene glycol butyl ether (DGBE) and diethylene

glycol hexyl ether (DGHE) and their acetates. Studies show that they can cause kidney and liver damage, skin and eye irritation as well as blood changes but do not cause damage to the reproductive, genetic and developmental abnormalities, sensitisation or respiratory systems. However, DGEE is reported to cause sperm insufficiency.

| Acute Toxicity | X | Carcinogenicity | X |
|-----------------------------------|----------|--------------------------|---|
| Skin Irritation/Corrosion | × | Reproductivity | × |
| Serious Eye Damage/Irritation | × | STOT - Single Exposure | × |
| Respiratory or Skin sensitisation | ✓ | STOT - Repeated Exposure | × |
| Mutagenicity | × | Aspiration Hazard | × |

Legend:

X - Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification

Data available to make classification

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

| GS220 Universal vinyl adhesive | ENDPOINT | TEST DURATION (HR) | SPECIES | VALUE | SOURCE |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available |
| | ENDPOINT | TEST DURATION (HR) | SPECIES | VALUE | SOURCE |
| | LC50 | 96 | Fish | 0.144mg/L | 3 |
| rosin-colophony | EC50 | 48 | Crustacea | =4.5mg/L | 1 |
| | EC50 | 96 | Algae or other aquatic plants | 0.170mg/L | 3 |
| | ENDPOINT | TEST DURATION (HR) | SPECIES | VALUE | SOURCE |
| diethylene glycol monobutyl ether | LC50 | 96 | Fish | 488.016mg/L | 3 |
| | EC50 | 48 | Crustacea | >100mg/L | 1 |
| | EC50 | 96 | Algae or other aquatic plants | >100mg/L | 1 |
| | NOEC | 96 | Algae or other aquatic plants | >=100mg/L | 1 |

Legend:

Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 3. EPIWIN Suite V3.12 (QSAR) - Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient Persistence: Water/Soil Persistence: Air

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| rosin-colophony | HIGH | HIGH |
|-----------------------------------|------|------|
| diethylene glycol monobutyl ether | LOW | LOW |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Ingredient | Bioaccumulation |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| rosin-colophony | HIGH (LogKOW = 6.4607) |
| diethylene glycol monobutyl ether | LOW (BCF = 0.46) |

Mobility in soil

| Ingredient | Mobility |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| rosin-colophony | LOW (KOC = 21990) |
| diethylene glycol monobutyl ether | LOW (KOC = 10) |

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

- ▶ DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains.
- It may be necessary to collect all wash water for treatment before disposal.
- ▶ In all cases disposal to sewer may be subject to local laws and regulations and these should be considered first.
- Where in doubt contact the responsible authority.
- Product / Packaging disposal
- Recycle wherever possible.
 Consult manufacturer for recycling options or consult local or regional waste management authority for disposal if no suitable treatment or disposal facility can be identified.
- Dispose of by: burial in a land-fill specifically licensed to accept chemical and / or pharmaceutical wastes or incineration in a licensed apparatus (after admixture with suitable combustible material).
- ► Decontaminate empty containers.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Labels Required

| Marine Pollutant | NO Not Applicable |
|------------------|----------------------|
| HAZCHEM | Not Applicable |

Land transport (ADG): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

ROSIN-COLOPHONY(8050-09-7) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) - Hazardous Chemicals

Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)

DIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER(112-34-5) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) - Hazardous Chemicals

Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Appendix

F (Part 3)

Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Appendix

E (Part 2)

Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule

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National Inventory Status

| National Inventory | Status |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Australia - AICS | N (Ingredients determined not to be hazardous) Non-disclosed ingredients |
| Canada - DSL | N (Ingredients determined not to be hazardous) Non-disclosed ingredients |
| Canada - NDSL | N (rosin-colophony; diethylene glycol monobutyl ether; Ingredients determined not to be hazardous) Non-disclosed ingredients |
| China - IECSC | N (Ingredients determined not to be hazardous) Non-disclosed ingredients |
| Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP | N (Ingredients determined not to be hazardous) Non-disclosed ingredients |
| Japan - ENCS | N (rosin-colophony; Ingredients determined not to be hazardous) Non-disclosed ingredients |
| Korea - KECI | N (Ingredients determined not to be hazardous) Non-disclosed ingredients |
| New Zealand - NZIoC | N (Ingredients determined not to be hazardous) Non-disclosed ingredients |
| Philippines - PICCS | N (Ingredients determined not to be hazardous) Non-disclosed ingredients |
| | |

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| USA - TSCA | N (Ingredients determined not to be hazardous) Non-disclosed ingredients |
|------------|---|
| Legend: | Y = All ingredients are on the inventory N = Not determined or one or more ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets) |

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

| Revision Date | 27/11/2018 |
|---------------|------------|
| Initial Date | 27/11/2018 |

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

Definitions and abbreviations

PC – TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average

PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit。

IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations

OSF: Odour Safety Factor

NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level

LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

TLV: Threshold Limit Value LOD: Limit Of Detection

OTV: Odour Threshold Value

BCF: BioConcentration Factors

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

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TEL (+61 3) 9572 4700.